

CBI DRY EYE MODELS

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COMPARATIVE BIOSCIENCES, INC. A TRANSLATIONAL APPROACH TO PRECLINICAL RESEARCH

COMPARATIVE BIOSCIENCES,

Premier Preclinical Contract Research Organization

- 19 years of experience
- Conveniently located in the heart of Silicon Valley, amidst many biotech companies
- State of the art, purpose-built facility
- Approximately 35 employees
- Highly experienced staff
- GLP, OECD, FDA, USDA, OLAW
- AAALAC Accreditation

DRY EYE MODELS

Dry eye is an unmet medical need with an immunologic component as well as direct effects on the cornea itself.

Mouse Scopolamine

 Mice are administered scopolamine for at least 7 days and place in an air blower to ablate tear production and induce secondary immune mediated condition on the cornea.

Rabbit ConA

- Lacrimal glands injected with Concanavalin to ablate tear production and induce immune mediated condition on cornea

Mouse Botulinum

 Lacrimal glands injected with botulinum toxin to ablate tear production and induce immune mediated condition on cornea

TYPICAL STUDY DESIGN

- SV129 Mice, 10-12 per group: Vehicle, positive control (Dexamethasone and/or cyclosporine, test article at various dose levels)
- Induction with 3-4x day subcutaneous dosing with scopolamine or botulinum to induce dry eye and dry blower environment
- Treatment period is 2-3 weeks
- TBUT 3x weekly
- Phenol red thread test 3x weekly
- Fluorescein and SLE examination of cornea 3x weekly
- Weekly body weights and daily clinical observations
- Histology on eye
- Cytokine analysis-optional

VALIDATION DATA

- Both topical dexamethasone and topical cyclosporine will induce a statistically significant increase in the two main parameters of tear break up test and phenol red thread test.
- Histology: Improvement in ocular inflammation and corneal integrity

PHENOL RED THREAD TEST



Cyclosporine administration induces a normalization of tear production as per the phenol red thread test as per the vehicle



TEAR BREAK UP TEST



Cyclosporine administration induces a normalization of tear break up test as per the vehicle

PHENOL RED THREAD TEST



Dexamethasone administration induces a normalization of phenol red threat test as per the vehicle

TEAR BREAK UP TEST



Dexamethasone administration induces a normalization of tear break up test as per the vehicle



Typical study Design

- NZW Rabbits with n = 6-8 per group
- Single Con A injection bilaterally into lacrimal glands
- Prophylactic dosing or Therapeutic dosing depending on MOA of Test Article
- Daily Tear production assessment by Schirmer Tear Test and Tear Break Up Time (TBUT)
- 14 to 21 days duration typically
- Histology of lacrimal glands by H&E
- Optional Cytokine analysis

CON A INDUCED DRY EYE

TBUT Sample Data

Vehicle vs. Test Article



*=statistically significant for a treatment group vs. vehicle Test Article was administered from Day 0 to Day 16

TBUT Sample Data

Vehicle vs. Positive Control Articles



*=statistically significant for a treatment group vs. vehicle (see Sec. 4.6) Restasis® administered Days 0-16, Dexamethasone administered Days 9-16

Schirmer Tear Test Sample Data

Shirmer Tear Test (OU) Vehilce vs Test Article



Schirmer Tear Test Sample Data



(Note: Day 0 is when Con A was administered)

Service and Quality

- Thoroughness in planning and execution is key to a successful study. All protocols are vetted and approved by multiple personnel. Our QAU has a rigorous training program. All non-GLP studies are conducted in the spirit of GLP.
- We believe in sound science. Our ratio of scientists to nonscientists is one of the highest in the industry. Every study director is a PhD-level scientist.
- We believe in communication. Timely responses to your inquiries and frequent updates on your study are mandatory.
- *We welcome visitors.* You are always welcome at CBI to meet the staff, tour the laboratory and discuss the progress and results of your study.